

Microphysical heating rates in COSMO

COSMO – User Workshop
1.11.2012

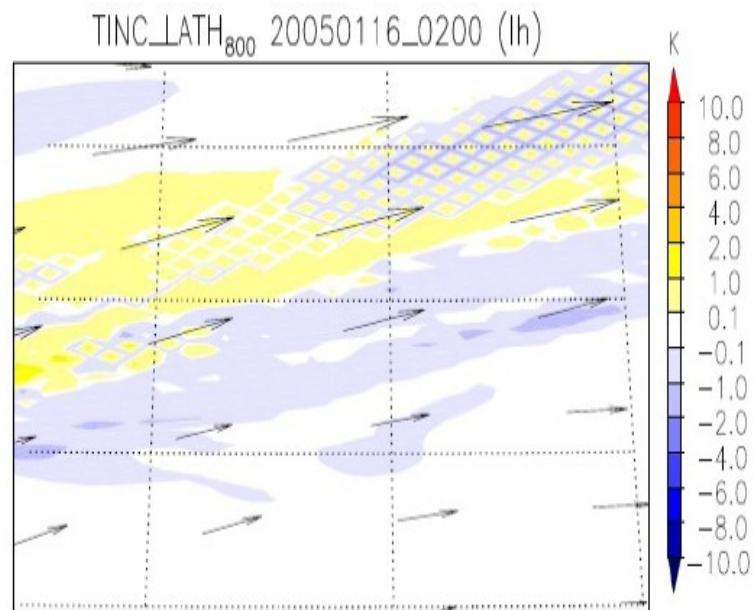
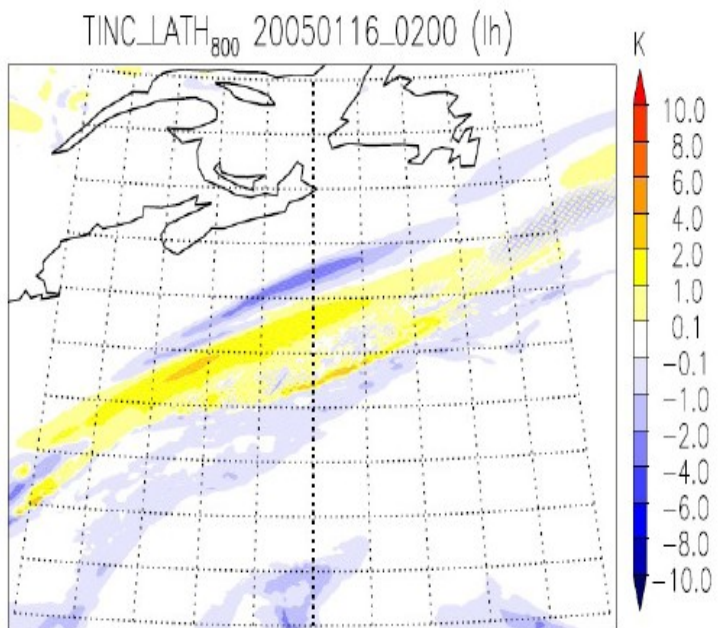
Hanna Joos

- Calculation of microphysical heating rates in COSMO version 4.18
- Microphysics scheme hydci_pp
(itype_gscp=3 with irunge_kutta=2)
 - prognostic variables for qc, qi, qr, qs
 - one moment scheme (only mass of hydrometeors)

- **Considered heating rates**

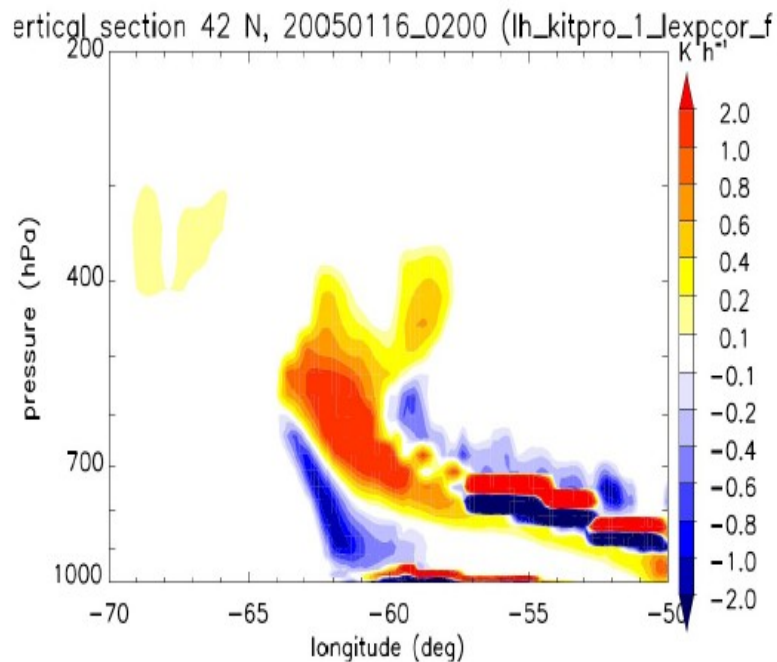
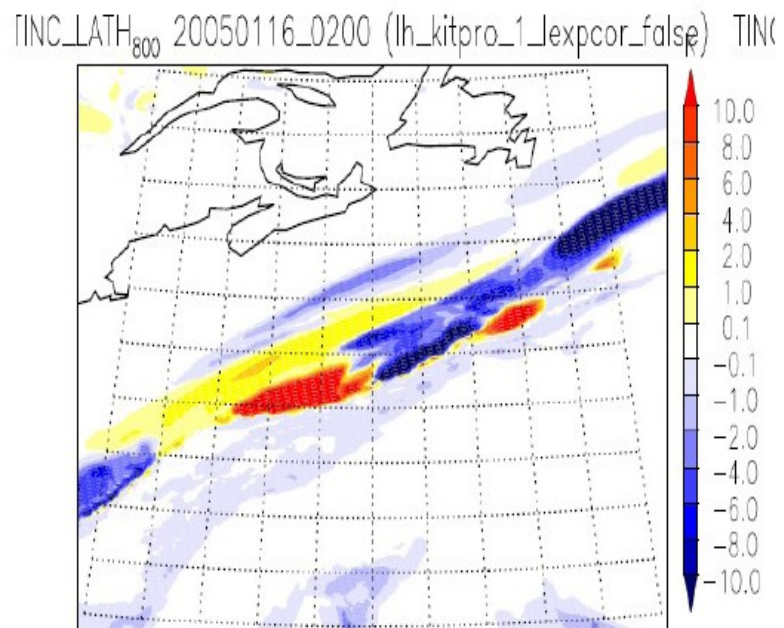
- Sc** : condensation and evaporation of cloud water
- Sev** : evaporation of rain
- Snuc**: heterogeneous nucleation of cloud ice
- Srim**: collection of cloud water by snow (riming)
- Scfrz**: homogeneous freezing of cloud water
- Sicri**: collection of cloud ice by rain to form snow
- Sidep**: depositional growth and sublimation of cloud ice
- Simelt**: melting of cloud ice
- Srcri**: freezing of rain due to collection of cloud ice
- Srfrz**: freezing of rain due to heterogeneous nucleation
- Ssdep**: depositional growth and sublimation of snow
- Ssmelt**: melting of snow to

itype_turb, lexpcor and icldm_turb



itype_turb=3
lexpcor=true

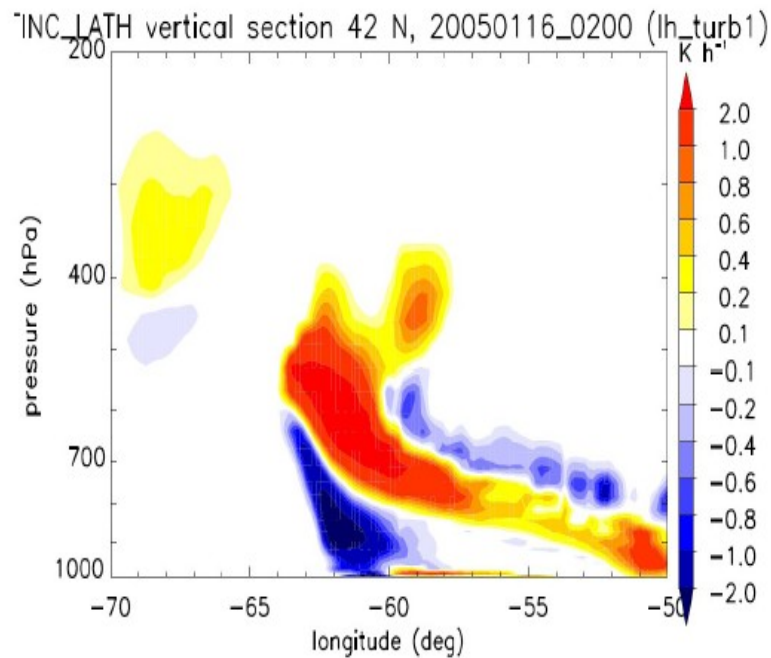
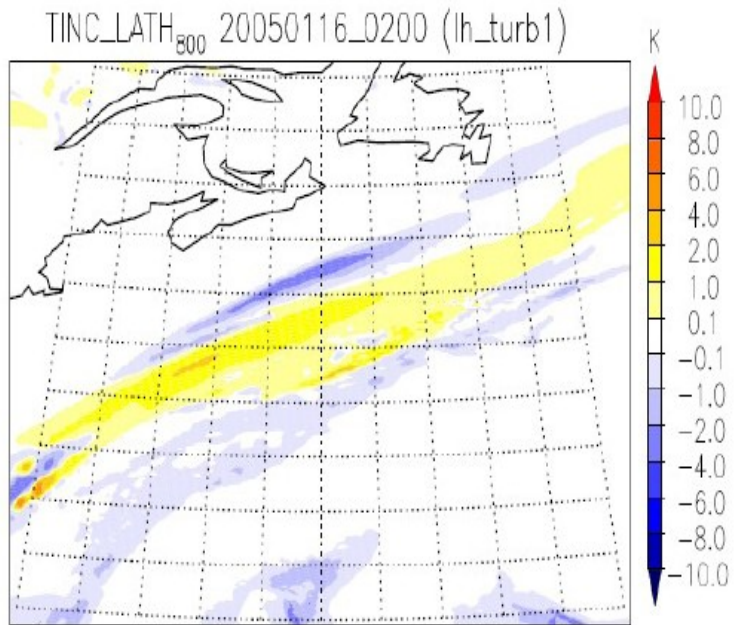
Turb. fluxes on moist
conserved variables
(θ , q) and a
correction for subgrid
scale cloudiness



itype_turb=3
lexpcor=false

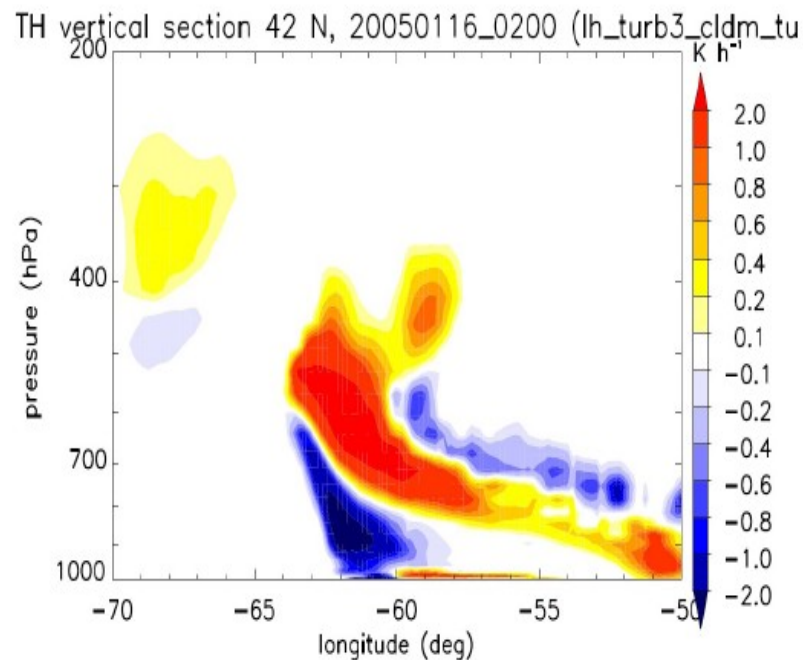
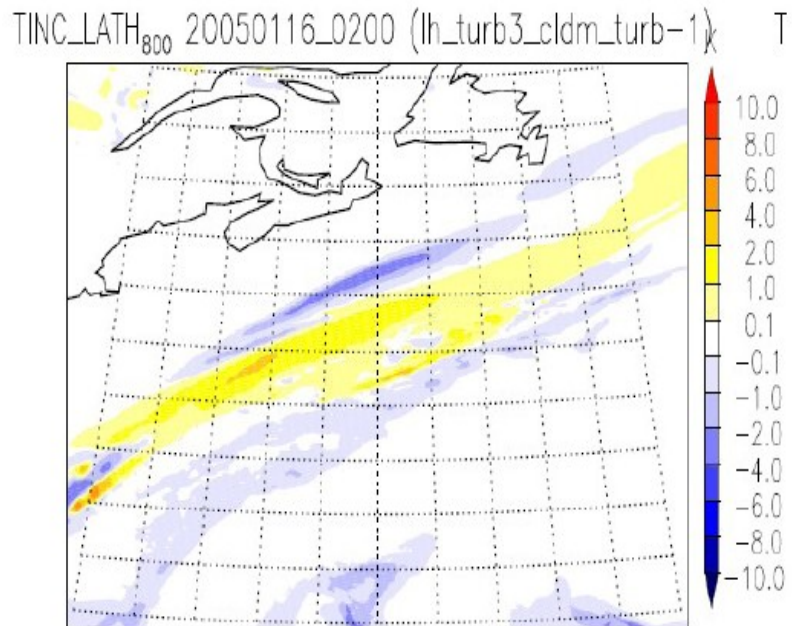
Turb. fluxes on moist
conserved variables+
No correction for subgrid
scale cloudiness

itype_turb, lexpcor and icldm_turb



itype_turb=1

Old turbulence scheme
(not used anymore)

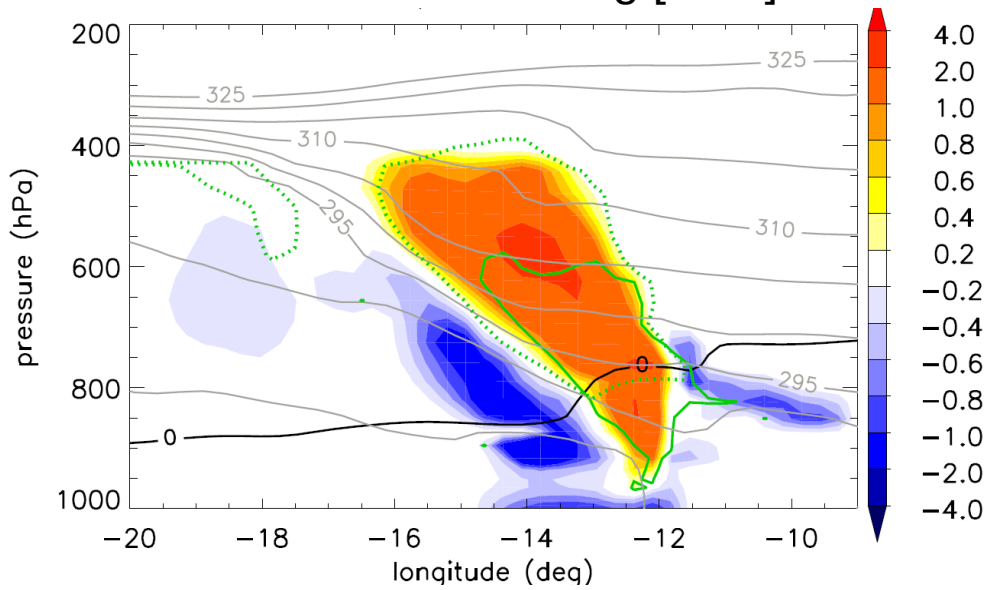


itype_turb=3
cldm_turb=-1
lexpcor=false

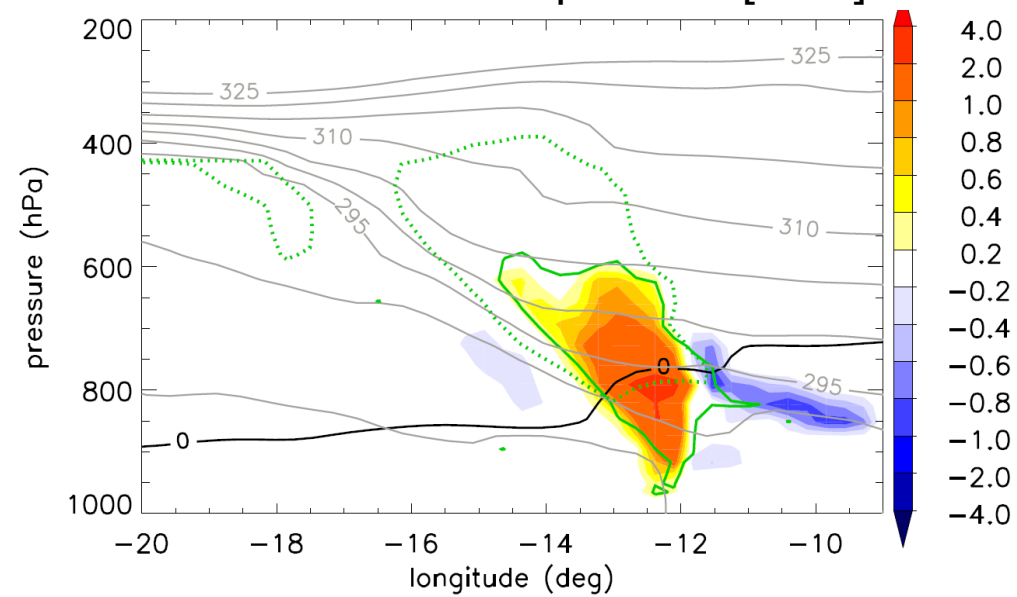
Turb. Fluxes are
calculated for dry
variables (θ, q_v)

Examples

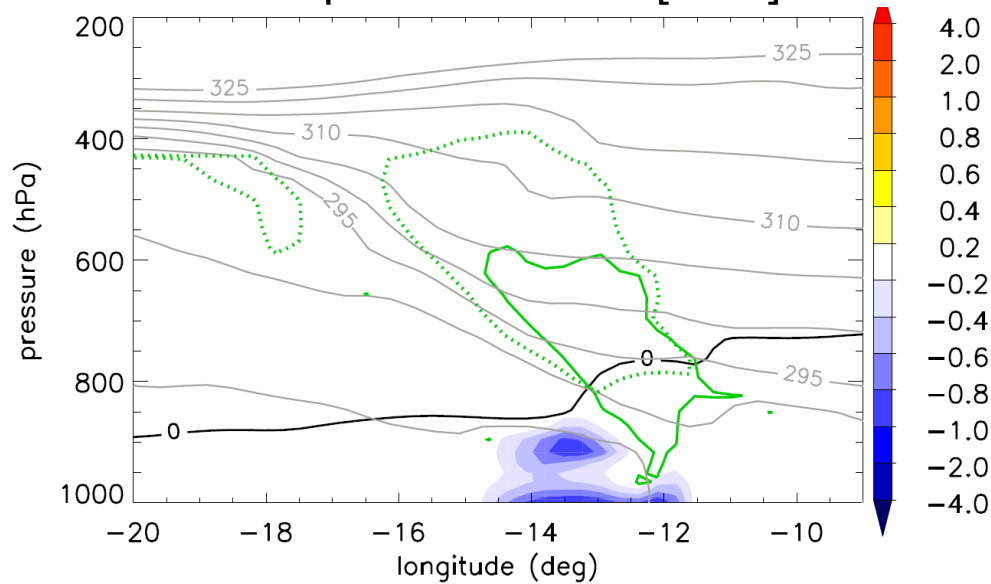
total latent heating [K / h]



condensation/evaporation [K / h]



evaporation of rain [K / h]



depositional growth of snow [K / h]

